Board on its plans for divesting an investment made under this paragraph two years prior to the final date for divestiture, in a manner to be prescribed by the Board.

- (iii) Other conditions requiring divestiture. All investments made pursuant to this paragraph are subject to paragraphs (b)(4)(i)(A) and (B) of this section requiring prompt divestiture (unless the Board upon application authorizes retention) if the company invested in engages in impermissible business in the United States that exceeds in the aggregate 10 percent of the company's consolidated assets or revenues calculated on an annual basis; provided however that, such company may not engage in activities in the United States that consist of banking or finanoperations (as defined  $\S211.23(f)(5)(iii)(B)$  of this chapter), or types of activities permitted by regulation or order under section 4(c)(8) of the BHC Act, except under regulations of the Board or with the prior approval of the Board.
- (4) Investment procedures—(i) General consent. Subject to the other limitations of this paragraph, the Board grants its general consent for investments made under this paragraph if the total amount invested does not exceed the greater of \$25 million or 1 percent of the Tier 1 capital of the investor.
- (ii) All other investments shall be made in accordance with the procedures of paragraph (c) of this section requiring prior notice or specific consent.
- (5) *Conditions*—(i) *Name*. Any company acquired pursuant to this paragraph shall not bear a name similar to the name of the acquiring bank holding company or any of its affiliates.
- (ii) Confidentiality. Neither the bank holding company nor its affiliates shall provide to any company acquired pursuant to this paragraph any confidential business information or other information concerning customers that are engaged in the same or related lines of business as the company.

## §211.6 Lending limits and capital requirements.

(a) Acceptances of Edge corporations— (1) Limitations. An Edge corporation shall be and remain fully secured for:

- (i) All acceptances outstanding in excess of 200 percent of its Tier 1 capital; and
- (ii) All acceptances outstanding for any one person in excess of 10 percent of its Tier 1 capital; *Provided however that,* these limitations apply only to acceptances of the types described in paragraph 7 of section 13 of the FRA (12 U.S.C. 372).
- (2) Exceptions. These limitations do not apply if the excess represents the international shipment of goods and the Edge corporation is:
- (i) Fully covered by primary obligations to reimburse it that are guaranteed by banks or bankers; or
- (ii) Covered by participation agreements from other banks, as such agreements are described in §250.165 of this chapter.
- (b) Loans and extensions of credit to one person—(1) Limitations. Except as the Board may otherwise specify:
- (i) The total loans and extensions of credit outstanding to any person by an Edge corporation engaged in banking and its direct or indirect subsidiaries may not exceed 15 percent of the Edge corporation's Tier 1 capital;<sup>15</sup> and
- (ii) The total loans and extensions of credit to any person by a foreign bank or Edge corporation subsidiary of a member bank, and by majority-owned subsidiaries of a foreign bank or Edge corporation, when combined with the total loans and extensions of credit to the same person by the member bank and its majority-owned subsidiaries, may not exceed the member bank's limitation on loans and extensions of credit to one person.
- (2) Loans and extensions of credit has the meaning set forth in §211.2(p) of this part<sup>16</sup> and, for purposes of this paragraph, include:

Continued

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>For purposes of this subsection, *subsidiary* includes subsidiaries controlled by the Edge corporation but does not include companies otherwise controlled by affiliates of the Edge corporation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>In the case of a foreign government, these include loans and extensions of credit to the foreign government's departments or agencies deriving their current funds principally from general tax revenues. In the case of a partnership or firm, these include loans and extensions of credit to its members

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- (i) Acceptances outstanding that are not of the types described in paragraph 7 of section 13 of the FRA (12 U.S.C. 372).
- (ii) Any liability of the lender to advance funds to or on behalf of a person pursuant to a guarantee, standby letter of credit, or similar agreements;

(iii) Investments in the securities of another organization except where the organization is a subsidiary; and

- (iv) Any underwriting commitments to an issuer of securities where no binding commitments have been secured from subunderwriters or other purchasers.
- (3) *Exceptions*. The limitations of paragraph (b)(1) of this section do not apply to:

(i) Deposits with banks and federal funds sold:

- (ii) Bills or drafts drawn in good faith against actual goods and on which two or more unrelated parties are liable;
- (iii) Any bankers' acceptance of the kind described in paragraph 7 of section 13 of the FRA that is issued and outstanding;
- (iv) Obligations to the extent secured by cash collateral or by bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or Treasury bills of the United States;
- (v) Loans and extensions of credit that are covered by bona fide participation agreements; or
- (vi) Obligations to the extent supported by the full faith and credit of the following:
- (A) The United States or any of its departments, agencies, establishments, or wholly-owned corporations (including obligations to the extent insured against foreign political and credit risks by the Export-Import Bank of the United States or the Foreign Credit Insurance Association), the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Finance Corporation, the International Development Association, the Inter-American Development Bank, the African Development Bank, or the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development;

and, in the case of a corporation, these include loans and extensions of credit to the corporation's affiliates where the affiliate incurs the liability for the benefit of the corporation.

- (B) Any organization if at least 25 percent of such an obligation or of the total credit is also supported by the full faith and credit of, or participated in by, any institution designated in paragraph (b)(3)(vi)(A) of this section in such manner that default to the lender will necessarily include default to that entity. The total loans and extensions of credit under this paragraph (b)(3)(vi)(B) to any person shall at no time exceed 100 percent of the Tier 1 capital of the Edge corporation.
- (c) Capitalization. An Edge corporation shall at all times be capitalized in an amount that is adequate in relation to the scope and character of its activities. In the case of an Edge corporation engaged in banking, after December 31, 1992, its minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to weighted-risk assets, as determined under the Capital Adequacy Guidelines, shall not be less than 10 percent, of which at least 50 percent shall consist of Tier 1 capital; provided however that for purposes of this paragraph, no limitation shall apply as to the inclusion of subordinated debt that qualifies as Tier 2 capital under the Capital Adequacy Guidelines.

## §211.7 Supervision and reporting.

- (a) Supervision—(1) Foreign branches and subsidiaries. Organizations conducting international banking operations under this subpart shall supervise and administer their foreign branches and subsidiaries in such a manner as to ensure that their operations conform to high standards of banking and financial prudence. Effective systems of records, controls, and reports shall be maintained to keep management informed of their activities and condition. Such systems shall provide, in particular, information on risk assets, liquidity management, operations, internal controls, and conformance to management policies. Reports on risk assets shall be sufficient to permit an appraisal of credit quality and assessment of exposure to loss, and for this purpose provide full information on the condition of material borrowers. Reports on the operations and controls shall include internal and external audits of the branch or subsidiary.
- (2) *Joint ventures*. Investors shall maintain sufficient information with